THE DEVELOPMENT OF A PUBLIC LAND MANAGEMENT POLICY FOR UNDER-UTILIZED SPACE IN BANGKOK, THAILAND

by

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A dissertation submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in Urban Environmental Management

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Asian Institute of Technology School of Environment, Resources and Development Thailand December 2009

Acknowledgements

Firstly, I would like to thank the dissertation committee; chair person / supervisor: Dr Edsel Sajor / Dr Willi Zimmermann, Dr. Soparth Pongquan, Dr. Vilas Nitivattananon, and Dr. Banasopit Mekvichai; for their kind attention and advice. I would like to express my deep gratitude and heartfelt thanks to Dr. Zimmermann, my supervisor, for his valuable and instructive comments. I do appreciate his supportive and patient encouragement throughout the period of my study. I would like to thanks Dr Sajor, my final stage supervisor who was my co-chair along with Dr Zimmermann for many years. And I can not forget the first advisor who so kind advised me at the very beginning of this dissertation: Dr Walter Jamieson. AIT is the place that has warmly given me the lessons of life, friendship and life-long memories. I will always maintain love, respect, and appreciation toward all the professors and staff there, especially Khun Vantana Pattanakul.

This research was followed by the first evaluation under the 2003-2004 Fulbright Junior Research Program of the author, with the kind hospitality of Dr Michael Pagano, head of the Public Administration Program, Dr. David Perry, director of Great Cities Institute, and Dr. Robin Hambleton, dean of College of Urban Planning and Public Affairs (CUPPA), University of Illinois at Chicago. That gave me the opportunity to present a paper extracted from the research entitled "Controversies In Public Land Management Decision –Makings: Case Study of Land Utilization In Bangkok, Thailand"; prepared for the City Futures - An International Conference on Globalism and Urban Change." (July 8-10, 2004), by CUPPA. Therefore, I would like to convey my gratitude especially to Dr.Pagano who was so warm and cordial during both my two visits as a scholar to Chicago, when I returned to Bangkok, and even during the crucial stage of my thesis. His contribution is highly appreciated.

I would like to thank my colleagues at Chulalongkorn University. Especially, during my study at AIT which was strongly encouraged by Dr Sorawit Narupiti from Department of Civil Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, Dr. Pongsak Vadhanasindhu, Dr. Angsana Boonyobhas former head of the department and head of the department of Landscape Architecture, Lersom Stapitananda dean of the faculty of Architecture, and Dr. Tipsuda Patumanon.

The dissertation has been assisted and supported by the administrative staff of the case study organizations, particularly, in providing all the necessary information and offering their valuable time for the interviews. Without their assistance and support, the dissertation would not have been possible. I would like to cordially thank:

- Mr. Montien Kulthamrong, Mr. Yeunyard Jaisamutr, Mr. Jirasak Pemasiri (ETA)
- Mr. Somchai Chinodom, Mrs Leena Charoensri, Mr Yuenyong Tassanasri (TRD)
- Mr. Yuthana Tapcharoen, Mrs Sirima Hirancharoenvej (SRT)
- Mr. Nikom Wairatpanich, Mrs Chanima Chakjai (BMA),

Finally, I would like to thanks my parents; Mr. Opars and Mrs. Yingkamol Aruninta; for their moral support extended to me since early childhood and which seems to be endless. My success in life and in my profession would not have been as today without them. I owe them a lot and would like to share every moment of happiness with both of them.

Abstract

The urban land re-development policy is one of the most important issues in government decision-making. Controversy after announcing any urban land policy has occurred regularly. Most of them involve the diversity of needs and conflict in directions of utilization. The author uses the abbreviation 'WiMBY' (an antonym of 'NiMBY') as the analysis tool to compare the heterogeneity of interests in publicly owned land utilization. The study focuses on 'the diversity of positive attitudes' of urban land utilization that was analyzed using the rational statistical method in order to reduce its complexity. The key research question is: Are the preferences the same (or not) across the independent factors when comparing preferences residing in specific land-use nearby the plot and in other areas? The survey results show patterns of preference comparisons across districts to the six plots of three public landowner organizations in Bangkok, Thailand. The ultimate results assist in providing the possible factors involved for further consideration. The author reviewed the failures and successes of urban land utilization projects on all continents, especially cases of controversy. The six case studies lie in the most valuable area, near Bangkok's CBD. Thailand's government or state enterprises own the case study plots, so the purpose of land development policy should affect many stakeholders, the way other public policies do. Factors involved in decision-making are compared herein to find homogeneity/heterogeneity of patterns by partially using a quantitative analysis tool. The provided opportunities involve three major directions of the 'land redevelopment tripod': economic, social, and environmental. Finally, all three legs of the tripod must stand to keep land development balanced and sustainable. Implications of WiMBY CIA will be generalized for a further comparative policy study with multi-stakeholders, to understand the diversity of attitudes optimistically, and to deliver greater consensus in future decisionmaking.

Keywords: under-utilized; urban voids; vacant land; publicly owned land; decision-making; preferences; interest; quantitative analysis; citizens

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Abbreviations

BBM Benefit Based Management

BMA Bangkok Metropolitan Administration

BOT Build – Operate - Transfer CBO Community Based Organization

CDC Community Development Corporations

CIA Comparative Interest Analysis
CPA Comparative Policy Analysis
CSR Corporate Social Responsibility
DCP Department of City Planning

ETA Expressway and Rapid Transit Authority
FES The First Stage Expressway System

FY Fiscal Year

GIS Geographic Information System

ISO Industrial Standard L/R Land Readjustment

MCDM Multiple Criteria Decision-making

MOSTE Ministry of Science, Technology, and Environment

MS Management science

NGO Non-Government Organization

NiMBY Not in My Back Yard

NSEDB National Social and Economic Development Board NSEDP National Social and Economic Development Plan

OCMLT The Office of the Commission for the Management of Land Traffic(old)

OTP The Office of Transport and Traffic Policy and Planning (new)

OR Operation research

PPD Policy and Planning Department

PPS Projects for Public Space
PLM Public Land Management
PWD Public Works Department

RAE Ram Intra – At Narong Expressway

ROW Right Of Way

SES The Second Stage Expressway System
SMART Simple Multi-Attribute Rating Techniques

SME Small and Medium Enterprises
SRT State Railway of Thailand
TAT Tourist Authority of Thailand
TEI Thailand Environment Institute

TPS Tanarak Pattana Sinsap / Treasury Property Development

TSP Total Suspended Particulates

TRD Treasury Department

UEM Urban Environmental Management WiMBY Welcome into My Back Yard

Departments in the BMA

BD Budget Department

CDD Community Development Department

CLD City Law Enforcement Department

CPD City Planning Department

CTD Culture Sports and Tourism Department

DMD Disaster Prevention and Mitigation Department

DSD Drainage and Sewerage Department

EDD Education Department

EVD Environment Department

FND Finance Department HD Health Department

MSD Medical Services Department

PCD Public Cleansing and Park Department

PPD Policy and Planning Department

PWD Public Works Department

SDD Social Development Department

SED Strategy and Evaluation Department

SWD Social Welfare Department

TTD Traffic and Transportation Department