

ເຄລຍແບບຝຶກຫັດ 9.2

1. $\int \frac{x+5}{x^2+x-2} dx = 2 \ln|x-1| - \ln|x+2| + c$
2. $\int \frac{x^3+x^2+2x+1}{(x^2+1)(x^2+2)} dx = \frac{1}{2} \ln(x^2+1) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) + c$
3. $\int \frac{x}{x-5} dx = x + 5 \ln|x-5| + c$
4. $\int \frac{x+4}{x^2+2x+5} dx = \frac{1}{2} \ln(x^2+2x+5) + \arctan\left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) + c$
5. $\int \frac{3x-1}{(x+1)^2} dx = \frac{4}{x+1} + 3 \ln|x+1| + c$
6. $\int \frac{1}{x^3-1} dx = \frac{1}{3} \ln|x-1| - \frac{1}{6} \ln(x^2+x+1) - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{3}}{3}\right) + c$
7. $\int \frac{4y^2-7y-12}{y(y+2)(y-3)} dy = \frac{1}{3} \ln|y-3| + 2 \ln|y| + \frac{9}{5} \ln|y+2| + c$
 $\int \frac{10}{(t^2+9)(t-1)} dt = -\frac{1}{2} \ln(t^2+9) + \frac{1}{3} \arctan\left(\frac{t}{3}\right) + \ln|t-1| + c$
8. $\int \frac{1}{(x+5)^2(x-1)} dx = \frac{1}{36} \ln|x-1| - \frac{1}{36} \ln|x+5| + \frac{1}{6(x+5)} + c$
9. $\int_2^5 \frac{x^2+2x}{x^3+3x^2+4} dx = \frac{1}{3} \ln\left(\frac{17}{2}\right)$
10. $\int \frac{x^2}{(x-2)^3} dx = \frac{2}{x+1} - \frac{1}{2(x+1)^2} + \ln|x+1| + c$
11. $\int \frac{x-3}{x^2+2x+4} dx = \frac{1}{2} \ln(x^2+2x+4) - \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x+\sqrt{3}}{3}\right) + c$